

BEGIN - OCTOBER 20, 1960

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A35

AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD CHINESE-SOVIET (600)
BY TOM OCHILTREE

LONDON, OCT. 22 (AP)-MAO TZE-TUNG TODAY HUMBLLY RECOGNIZED THE SOVIET UNION AS THE WORLD'S GREATEST COMMUNIST POWER AND OFFERED TO SOFT-PEDAL HIS IDEOLOGICAL QUARREL WITH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV IN THE INTEREST OF RED SOLIDARITY.

THE CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER AND HIS THREE TOP ASSOCIATES IN PEIPING SENT A MESSAGE TO MOSCOW WHICH OPPOSED JUST SHORT OF BOWING COMPLETELY TO KHRUSHCHEV'S WILL.

THEIR TELEGRAM, ADDRESSED TO KHRUSHCHEV AND SOVIET PRESIDENT LEONID BREZHNEV, WAS BROADCAST BY MOSCOW RADIO. IT SPOKE OF "THE ETERNAL INVIOABLE FRATERNAL FRIENDSHIP" OF THE PEOPLES OF RED CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION AND CALLED FOR COMMUNIST COUNTRIES TO "RALLY TOGETHER EVEN CLOSER AND INTENSIFY THE STRUGGLE AGAINST IMPERIALISM."

THE TELEGRAM REFERRED TO ADVANCES MADE BY THE SOCIALIST CAMP "HEADED BY THE SOVIET UNION."

IT ALSO SPOKE OF THE NATIONS OF THE COMMUNIST WORLD MOVING CLOSER TOGETHER TO RESIST WHAT MAO DESCRIBED AS "IMPERIALIST INTRIGUE."

TAKEN AT ITS FACE VALUE, MAO'S MESSAGE HINTED AT A WILLINGNESS TO PUSH TO THE BACKGROUND THE IDEOLOGICAL BATTLE THAT FOR SEVERAL MONTHS HAS DIVIDED THE TWO COMMUNIST POWERS. WESTERN DIPLOMATIC SOURCES REGARDED THE MESSAGE AS CERTAINLY Milder IN TONE THAN RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS FROM PEIPING.

MAO ALMOST SEEMED TO BUY KHRUSHCHEV'S THEORY THAT WAR HAS BECOME UNTHINKABLE IN THIS NUCLEAR AGE AND THAT COMMUNISM, IN ANY EVENT, IS STRONG ENOUGH NOW TO DEFEAT CAPITALISM BY COMPETITION WITHOUT SHOOTING.

BUT THIS PART OF THE MESSAGE CONTAINED A HEDGE. AS WORDED, IT WAS A SORT OF CHINESE PUZZLE CAPABLE OF VARIOUS INTERPRETATIONS.

MAO DID NOT SPECIFICALLY ACKNOWLEDGE THAT WAR HAS BECOME AN IMPRACTICAL INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY IN THE H-BOMB AGE.

MAO REGARDS HIMSELF AS A SUPPORTER OF FUNDAMENTAL LENINIST DOCTRINE. HE HAS DESCRIBED WAR AS AN INEVITABLE PART OF COMMUNISM'S MARCH TO WORLD DOMINATION. AND, WHAT IS EVEN GRAVER, HE HAS SUGGESTED THAT KHRUSHCHEV'S REVISIONIST DOCTRINES TEND TO WEAKEN THE REVOLUTIONARY DRIVE OF THE COMMUNIST WORLD.

OTHERS WHO SIGNED THE MESSAGE WITH MAO WERE LIU SHAO-CHI, CHU TEH AND CHOU EN-LAI. THEIR TELEGRAM WAS IN RESPONSE TO CONGRATULATIONS OFFERED BY SOVIET LEADERS ON THE 11TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FORMATION OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME.

MAO'S TELEGRAM CAME AFTER MONTHS OF CAMPAIGNING BY KHRUSHCHEV IN OTHER PARTS OF THE COMMUNIST WORLD TO GAIN SUPPORT FOR MOSCOW'S NO-WAR LINE.

THE CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADER MESSAGED THAT HIS PEOPLE WERE INSPIRED BY THE "ENORMOUS SUCCESSES IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF COMMUNISM" ATTAINED BY THE SOVIET PEOPLE. HE ADDED:

"THE INCREASINGLY GROWING MIGHT OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE SOCIALIST CAMP HEADED BY THE SOVIET UNION PLAYS AN EVER-INCREASING ROLE IN THE CAUSE OF PEACE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD AND THE PROGRESS OF MANKIND."

"THE IMPERIALIST COUNTRIES HEADED BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ARE DECLINING, AND THEIR POLICY OF AGGRESSION AND WAR IS SUFFERING INCREASINGLY SERIOUS DEFEAT."

THEN CAME THE INVOLVED KEY PARAGRAPH. IT SAID:
"IF ALL PEACE-LOVING COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES, PRIMARILY THE SOCIALIST COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES, ONLY RALLY TOGETHER EVEN CLOSER AND INTENSIFY THE STRUGGLE AGAINST IMPERIALISM AND FOR THE AMINTENANCE OF PEACE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD ANY INTRIGUES OF IMPERIALISM WILL INEVITABLY SUFFER AN EVEN HEAVIER DEFEAT, WHILST THE CAUSE OF PEACE THE WORLD OVER AND THE CAUSE OF MANKIND'S PROGRESS WILL INEVITABLY WIN AN EVEN GREATER VICTORY."

THE TELEGRAM WISHED THE SOVIET PEOPLES NEW SUCCESSES, AND ENDED:

"LONG LIVE THE ETERNAL INVIOABLE FRATERNAL FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE PEOPLES OF CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION. LONG LIVE THE MONOLITHIC SOLIDARITY OF THE SOCIALIST CAMP HEADED BY THE SOVIET UNION."

DURING THE LAST FEW MONTHS WESTERN LEADERS HAVE WATCHED WITH FASCINATED INTEREST THE ARGUMENT BETWEEN MAO AND KHRUSHCHEV. IN AN ADDRESS TO THE BRITISH CONSERVATIVE PARTY CONFERENCE IN SCARBOROUGH A WEEK AGO PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN SAID KHRUSHCHEV WAS WRONG TO THINK THAT COMMUNISM ULTIMATELY WOULD PREVAIL BUT THAT THE SOVIET LEADER MADE BETTER SENSE THAN MAO.

SOME WESTERN DIPLOMATS BELIEVE WORLD DANGERS WOULD BE INCREASED RATHER THAN LESSENED BY A RUPTURE BETWEEN PEIPING AND MOSCOW. SOME OF THEM SUSPECT KHRUSHCHEV HAS A STEADYING AND CALMING INFLUENCE ON THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

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CAIRO, EGYPT, OCT. 22 (AP)-THE WEEKLY NEWSPAPER AKHBAR EL YOM SAID TODAY INDIAN COMMUNIST LEADERS HAVE BEEN INFORMED THAT IDEOLOGICAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN MOSCOW AND PEIPING DATE BACK TO 1954 AND RESULTED FROM EXECUTION OF FORMER SOVIET POLICE CHIEF LAVRENTI BERIA.

EL YOM'S NEW DELHI CORRESPONDENT, O. P. SENGAL, SAID RELIABLE SOURCES LEARNED OF THE DIFFERENCES FROM A REPORT BY H. K. KONNAR, AN INDIAN COMMUNIST LEADER, ON A TRIP HE MADE TO NORTH VIET NAM WHERE HE MET MEMBERS OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY.

SENGAL SAID THE CHINESE ASKED KONNAR TO EXPLAIN TO INDIAN COMMUNISTS THE CHINESE COMMUNIST VIEWPOINT CONCERNING IDEOLOGICAL DIFFERENCES WITH MOSCOW.

THE ARGUMENT LATELY HAS CONCERNED PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S POLICY THAT COMMUNISM CAN MASTER THE WORLD WITHOUT WAR. PEIPING CONTENTS THAT WAR WITH THE CAPITALIST WORLD IS INEVITABLE.

SENGAL, WHO IS ALSO POLITICAL EDITOR OF THE INDIAN MAGAZINE LINK, SAID KONNAR REPORTED THAT:

1. THE CHINESE INFORMED HIM IDEOLOGICAL DIFFERENCES FIRST AROSE AFTER BERIA'S EXECUTION ON CHARGES OF TRYING TO SEIZE POWER WITH HIS POLICE TROOPS. BERIA WAS THE FIRST OF THE SOVIET LEADERS CLOSELY IDENTIFIED WITH STALIN TO VANISH FROM THE POLITICAL SCENE. THIS WAS FOLLOWED BY STRONG CHINESE OBJECTIONS AT THE WAY KHRUSHCHEV WAS PRAISING YUGOSLAVIA AND GETTING CLOSE TO PRESIDENT TITO.

2. THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT WAS SHOCKED WHEN THE RUSSIANS WITHDREW MOST OF THEIR EXPERTS IN CHINA BECAUSE MOSCOW WAS NOT SATISFIED WITH THE FORM OF "POLITICAL EDUCATION" THE EXPERTS WERE GIVEN IN CHINA.

3. THE CHINESE ALSO FEEL MOSCOW COMMITTED "GROSS MISTAKES" BY WITHDRAWING ALMOST ALL SOVIET TROOPS FROM HUNGARY AT THE START OF THE 1956 REVOLT. THE CHINESE SAID THAT ONLY WITH GRAT DIFFICULTY DID THEY PERSUADE KHRUSHCHEV TO RUSH HIS FORCES BACK TO BUDAPEST.

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TAIPEI, FORMOSA, OCT. 22 (AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS FIRED 33 SHELLS AT THE QUEMOY ISLANDS LAST NIGHT IN THE FIRST ACTION AGAINST THE COMPLEX IN FOUR DAYS, THE CHINESE NATIONALIST DEFENSE MINISTRY REPORTED TODAY. ~~IT~~

A62WX

(370) NIGHT LEAD MANSFIELD-JAPAN

BY EDWIN B. HAAKINSON

WASHINGTON, OCT. 22 (AP)-JAPAN CAN BE EXPECTED TO EXPAND TRADE WITH RED CHINA WHILE JAPANESE OPPOSITION TO MILITARY TIES WITH THE UNITED STATES PROBABLY WILL GROW, A SENATE REPORT SAID TODAY.

THE UNITED STATES WAS URGED TO BE PREPARED TO MODIFY THE U.S.-JAPANESE DEFENSE TREATY TO MEET A TREND TOWARD NEUTRALISM IN JAPAN. IT WAS OPPOSITION TO THIS TREATY WHICH SPARKED THE MASSIVE ANTI-AMERICAN DEMONSTRATIONS THAT FORCED CANCELLATION OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO JAPAN EARLIER THIS YEAR.

THE RECOMMENDATIONS--EXPECTED TO STIR CONTROVERSY HERE AND IN JAPAN--CAME FROM SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD, D-MONT., ASSISTANT MAJORITY SENATE LEADER. THEY ARE IN THE FORM OF A REPORT BY THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE BUT MANSFIELD SAID "I'M SPEAKING ONLY FOR MYSELF."

MANSFIELD URGED CONTINUATION OF THE BILLION-DOLLAR-A-YEAR TRADE BETWEEN JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES AND WARNED "ANY SUDDEN OR DRASTIC SHIFT" IN THIS TRADE "WOULD NOT ONLY MEAN AN ECONOMIC CATASTROPHE FOR JAPAN BUT IT WOULD BE A POLITICAL DISASTER FOR FREEDOM AND OUR OWN SECURITY OF THE MOST TRAGIC KIND."

OF U.S. DEFENSE RELATIONS WITH JAPAN, MANSFIELD SAID:

"THEY RUN COUNTER TO THE POPULAR TREND TOWARD NEUTRALISM IN JAPAN AND, HENCE, ARE A POLITICAL LIABILITY WITHIN JAPAN AND A SOURCE OF IRRITATION."

"NEVERTHELESS, GIVEN THE PRESENT UNSTABLE SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST, THESE DEFENSE ARRANGEMENTS ARE OF GREAT IMPORTANCE TO THE SECURITY OF OURSELVES AS WELL AS TO OTHER FAR EASTERN NATIONS."

THIS TREATY PERMITS CONTINUED STATIONING OF U.S. ARMED FORCES IN JAPAN AND ALTHOUGH IT WAS RATIFIED IT CAUSED THE OVERTHROW OF THE KISHI GOVERNMENT WHICH BACKED IT.

NOTING THAT 100 MILLION JAPANESE PEOPLE LIVE IN AN AREA ABOUT THE SIZE OF HIS HOME STATE OF MONTANA, MANSFIELD SAID "IT IS LITERALLY TRUE THAT JAPAN MUST TRADE TO LIVE."

MANSFIELD SAID THIS COUNTRY SHOULD "ANTICIPATE A GROWTH OF JAPANESE TRADE AND OTHER RELATIONS WITH THE CHINESE MAINLAND AND, PERHAPS, WITH THE SOVIET MARITIME PROVINCES."

IF THIS HAPPENS, HE SAID, THIS NATION SHOULD "AVOID ATTITUDES OF SHOCK AND PANIC REPRISALS WHICH WILL ONLY DAMAGE THE POSITION OF THE UNITED STATES BY FORCING JAPAN FULLY INTO THE ARMS OF ASIAN TOTALITARISM."

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD EXPECT GROWING ANTAGONISM TO THE PRESENT TREATY AND BE PREPARED TO MODIFY IT BEFORE ITS 10-YEAR TERM EXPIRES IF CONDITIONS WARRANT AND CHANGES ARE ASKED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF JAPAN.

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A77

TOKYO, OCT. 22 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER HAYATO IKEDA TOLD PARLIAMENT TODAY HE DID NOT INTEND TO ESTABLISH MILITARY CONSCRIPTION IN JAPAN ALTHOUGH THE DEFENSE FORCES WERE 15,000 UNDER THE AUTHORIZED STRENGTH LEVEL.

REPLYING TO SOCIALIST QUESTIONERS IN THE LOWER HOUSE, IKEDA SAID THERE WERE FOUR AND A HALF TIMES MORE MILITARY APPLICANTS THAN THE NUMBER TO BE RECRUITED IN THE FORCES.

"IF THERE ARE 15,000 VACANCIES IT IS BECAUSE WE WANT TO SELECT ONLY THE BEST ELEMENTS," HE STATED. GOVERNMENT PLANS WERE FOR 171,500 MEN IN THE GROUND FORCES, A 1,115 PLANE AIR FORCE AND A NAVY OF 116,000 TONS.

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AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD U.N.

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS (450)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 22 (AP)-SOME NEUTRAL AND WESTERN COUNTRIES WERE REPORTED TODAY TRYING TO DRAW UP A COMPROMISE RESOLUTION ON DISARMAMENT AND HEAD OFF A SOVIET WALKOUT FROM THE CURRENT U.N. DEBATE ON THAT SUBJECT.

DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID INDIA, THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC, YUGOSLAVIA, MEXICO, VENEZUELA AND SWEDEN WERE SEEKING TO DRAFT THE RESOLUTION AND MIGHT HAND IT IN TOWARD THE END OF NEXT WEEK.

THEY SAID ONE IDEA UNDER DISCUSSION WAS TO PROPOSE THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE, WHERE THE DEBATE IS TAKING PLACE, SET UP A WORKING GROUP TO FORMULATE A SET OF PRINCIPLES FOR DISARMAMENT AND REPORT BACK NEXT MONTH.

THAT WOULD POSTPONE A SHOWDOWN VOTE ON RIVAL SOVIET AND WESTERN RESOLUTIONS NOW PENDING BEFORE THE 99-NATION COMMITTEE. IT WOULD ALSO DELAY SUCH A DECISION TILL AFTER THE U.S. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION NOV. 3, IN WHICH SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S AMERICAN PARTNER IN ANY FUTURE SUMMIT DISARMAMENT TALKS WILL BE CHOSEN.

A WESTERN RESOLUTION SPONSORED BY BRITAIN, ITALY AND THE UNITED STATES WOULD HAVE THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY RECOMMEND THAT DISARMAMENT START "WITH THOSE MEASURES WHICH ARE CAPABLE OF EARLY IMPLEMENTATION UNDER EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL."

A RESOLUTION INTRODUCED BY THE SOVIET UNION, ON THE OTHER HAND, WOULD HAVE THE ASSEMBLY INSTRUCT NEGOTIATORS TO GO RIGHT TO WORK ON A TREATY FOR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT.

IN ADDITION, THERE IS A BRITISH RESOLUTION TO HAVE TECHNICAL EXPERTS STUDY DISARMAMENT INSPECTION PROBLEMS AND ANOTHER SOVIET RESOLUTION TO EXPAND THE 10-NATION EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE BY ADDING FIVE NEUTRALS.

THAT COMMITTEE BEGAN NEGOTIATIONS IN GENEVA LAST MARCH 15, BUT THE NEGOTIATIONS CAME TO A HALT JUNE 27 WHEN THE COMMUNIST SIDE WALKED OUT, CHARGING THAT THE WESTERN SIDE WAS STALLING.

IN THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE WEDNESDAY, SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN THREATENED ANOTHER WALKOUT.

HE CHARGED THAT THE JOINT WESTERN RESOLUTION SHOWED THE WESTERN POWERS DID NOT INTEND TO ABANDON A POLICY OF "ENDLESS PROCRASTINATION."

HE SAID IF THEY "INSIST ON THEIR NEGATIVE POSITIONS," THE COMMITTEE COULD NOT DO ANY FRUITFUL WORK AND "THE SOVIET UNION WILL NOT PARTICIPATE IN SUCH A SHEER WASTE OF TIME."

MANY DELEGATES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD EXPRESSED BELIEF PRIVATELY THAT THE RUSSIANS WOULD INDEED WALK OUT ON THE COMMITTEE--AFTER ALL COMMUNIST AND NEUTRALIST DELEGATIONS HAD SPOKEN IN THE DISARMAMENT DEBATE.

KHRUSHCHEV HAD MADE A SIMILAR THREAT IN THE FULL ASSEMBLY, ON OCT. 13, JUST BEFORE GOING HOME FROM HIS 25-DAY VISIT TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE SOVIET DELEGATION HERE TODAY GAVE CORRESPONDENTS THE FULL TEXT OF A SPEECH KHRUSHCHEV MADE IN MOSCOW THURSDAY.

HE SAID, "APPARENTLY, THE DISARMAMENT PROBLEM WILL NOT BE SOLVED AT THIS SESSION OF THE ASSEMBLY." SO HE SAID THERE MUST BE A SPECIAL SESSION NEXT MARCH OR APRIL, WITH HEADS OF STATE OR GOVERNMENT PRESENT, TO GIVE INSTRUCTIONS TO THE DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE.

ONE WESTERN DIPLOMAT SAID PRIVATELY TODAY THAT HE THOUGHT THE RUSSIANS WOULD WALK OUT ON THE PRESENT DEBATE TO PREVENT THE ASSEMBLY FROM ACTING ON DISARMAMENT IN THE CURRENT SESSION--AND PROVIDE AN ARGUMENT FOR CALLING A SPECIAL SESSION.

"IF WE DO SOMETHING NOW," HE EXPLAINED, "THEY CAN'T CARRY ON WITH THEIR PROPOSAL FOR THE SPECIAL SESSION."

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A119WX

(190) NATO
WASHINGTON, OCT. 22 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES "PLANS TO MEET ITS NATO COMMITMENTS, INCLUDING THE MAINTENANCE OF UNITED STATES FORCES IN EUROPE."
PRESS OFFICER FRANCIS W. TULLY MADE THAT COMMENT IN RESPONSE TO INQUIRIES ABOUT PUBLISHED REPORTS THAT A CONTROVERSY HAD DEVELOPED IN THE GOVERNMENT HERE OVER WHETHER U.S.-EUROPEAN GROUND FORCES SHOULD BE REDUCED IN THE INTEREST OF ECONOMY.
THE NEW YORK TIMES, IN A DISPATCH FROM WASHINGTON, REPORTED THIS MORNING THAT A STRUGGLE IS GOING ON WITHIN THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION OVER POSSIBLE REDUCTION OF U.S. GROUND FORCES IN EUROPE.
TULLY SAID THE COMMENT HE HAD TO OFFER WAS DESIGNED TO ANSWER QUESTIONS RAISED ABOUT THAT DISPATCH. IN ADDITION TO REPORTING THAT THE U.S. WOULD LIVE UP TO ITS NATO COMMITMENTS, TULLY DECLARED:
"THE EXACT LEVELS OF NATIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO NATO DEFENSE ARE WORKED OUT PERIODICALLY IN NATO IN THE LIGHT OF A VARIETY OF FACTORS, INCLUDING THE GENERAL INTERNATIONAL SITUATION, PARTICULARLY WITH REGARD TO THE SOVIET UNION AND THE FINANCIAL AND ECONOMIC CAPACITIES OF THE MEMBER COUNTRIES."
ASKED WHAT THIS STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO TROOPS LEVELS WAS SUPPOSED TO MEAN IN REFERENCE TO THE REPORTED DISPUTE HERE OVER ECONOMY CUTS IN TROOP STRENGTH, TULLY SAID HE WAS UNABLE TO EXPAND UPON THE STATEMENT.

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A49WX(BJT)

(720) AMS BUDGET

NUCLEAR TESTS

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, OCT. 22 (AP)-A CRISIS IN THE NUCLEAR TEST TALKS WITH RUSSIA EARLY NEXT YEAR NOW APPEARS INEVITABLE ON THE BASIS OF STATEMENTS MADE BY THE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES AND INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

BOTH VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON AND SEN. JOHN F. KENNEDY HAVE CALLED FOR A SHOWDOWN IN THE GENEVA NUCLEAR TEST TALKS. EACH APPARENTLY REGARDS AN EFFORT TO BRING THE NEGOTIATIONS TO THE POINT OF DECISION AS ONE OF THE MORE URGENT TASKS OF THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.

THESE POINTS WERE SHARPLY DEVELOPED IN LAST NIGHT'S KENNEDY-NIXON RADIO-TV DEBATE, WHICH PRODUCED ONLY MINOR DIFFERENCES OF APPROACH ON THE NUCLEAR TEST ISSUE.

KENNEDY AND NIXON CLEARLY SHOWED DOUBT THAT THE NEGOTIATIONS WHICH BEGAN AT GENEVA ON OCT. 31, 1958, WILL PRODUCE ANY MAJOR BREAKTHROUGH TOWARD A NUCLEAR TEST BAN TREATY BETWEEN NOW AND THE ADVENT OF THE NEW ADMINISTRATION JAN. 20.

WITH SOME VARIATION AS TO TIMING AND TECHNIQUE, THEY WERE IN AGREEMENT THAT THE NEXT PRESIDENT, UNLESS THE TALKS START MOVING TOWARD A QUICK CONCLUSION, WILL HAVE TO FACE UP TO THE PROBLEM OF RESUMING UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR WEAPONS EXPLOSIONS, LEST THE RUSSIANS, BY CHEATING ON THE PRESENT MORATORIUM, FORGE AHEAD IN THE NUCLEAR ARMS RACE.

NIXON SAID LAST NIGHT HE HAS DECIDED "THE SOVIET UNION IS ACTUALLY FILIBUSTERING" IN THE TWO-YEAR-OLD GENEVA CONFERENCE. HE HAS ALSO CONCLUDED, HE SAID, "THAT THEY MAY BE CHEATING." BY THAT HE MEANT THE RUSSIANS MAY BE SECRETLY TESTING WEAPONS DESPITE A PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED STOPPAGE OF TESTS ABOUT THE TIME THE NEGOTIATIONS OPENED TWO YEARS AGO. THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN SUSPENDED TESTS AT THE SAME TIME.

NIXON SAID THAT IN ORDER TO "BREAK THE SOVIET FILIBUSTER" HE THOUGHT THE MAN WHO WINS THE ELECTION NOV. 8 SHOULD IMMEDIATELY SIT DOWN WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND WORK OUT A TIMETABLE FOR THE FUTURE OF THE NU-

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CLEAR TEST TALKS; IN EFFECT, HE THUS CALLED FOR QUICK ESTABLISHMENT OF A DEADLINE.

KENNEDY SAID HE THOUGHT THE NEXT PRESIDENT "SHOULD MAKE ONE LAST EFFORT TO SECURE AN AGREEMENT ON THE CESSATION OF TESTS." IF THIS EFFORT FAILS, HE SAID, THEN RESUMED TESTING CAN BE CARRIED OUT UNDERGROUND OR IN OUTER SPACE. IN EITHER INSTANCE, THE DANGER OF POLLUTING THE ATMOSPHERE COULD BE AVOIDED.

KENNEDY SAID HE HOPES THE PROPOSED FINAL NEGOTIATING EFFORT WOULD BE SUCCESSFUL. PARTICULARLY BECAUSE OF A DANGER THAT DEVELOPMENT OF CHEAPER METHODS OF MAKING ATOMIC WEAPONS DURING THE 1960S WOULD MEAN THE SPREAD OF THOSE WEAPONS TO OTHER COUNTRIES WITH AN INCREASING DANGER OF NUCLEAR DISASTER.

U.S. DIPLOMATS SEE NO CHANCE OF MAJOR AGREEMENTS IN THE THREE-POWER NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA UNTIL AFTER THE NEW ADMINISTRATION TAKES POWER IN WASHINGTON. THEN IF THE SOVIETS HAVE ANY NEW MOVES TO MAKE, PERHAPS IN CONNECTION WITH PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S PRESSURE FOR A SUMMIT CONFERENCE, THAT WOULD BE THE TIME TO EXPECT THEM.

THE THREE NUCLEAR POWERS HAVE AGREED ON MANY PROVISIONS OF A PROPOSED TREATY TO ESTABLISH A PERMANENT BAN ON AT LEAST THE LARGER NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST EXPLOSIONS. BUT THE CENTRAL ISSUES HAVE NOT BEEN RESOLVED.

INDEED, IN ONE RESPECT THE DISAGREEMENT AT GENEVA SEEMS GREATER NOW THAN WHEN THE TALKS OPENED. AT THAT TIME, THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WERE REPORTED READY TO AGREE TO BAN ALL TESTS UNDER AN INSPECTION SYSTEM THEN PROJECTED TO PREVENT CHEATING. BUT MORE RECENTLY THIS COUNTRY HAS SAID IT CAN AGREE ONLY TO A PARTIAL LIMITATION BY TREATY UNTIL BETTER DETECTION TECHNIQUES ARE DEVELOPED.

IN THIS CONNECTION, ONE OF THE CRITICAL PENDING QUESTIONS IS A U.S. PROPOSAL WITH BRITISH BACKING FOR A SERIES OF UNDERGROUND ATOMIC EXPLOSIONS DESIGNED TO IMPROVE DETECTION METHODS. IF THE RUSSIANS WOULD CO-OPERATE IN THIS SERIES, THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE WILLING TO SIGN A TREATY BARRING EXPLOSIONS ABOVE 19 KILOTONS. AT THE SAME TIME, IT WOULD ACCEPT A 27-MONTH MORATORIUM ON LESS POWERFUL UNDERGROUND BLASTS.

BUT THE SOVIETS HAVE INSISTED ON A MORATORIUM OF FOUR OR FIVE YEARS. THEY HAVE SAID THEY WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE TO A RESEARCH PROGRAM. THEY HAVE PUT THEMSELVES IN A POSITION TO ACCUSE THE UNITED STATES OF STARTING UP WEAPONS TESTS AGAIN IF THIS COUNTRY UNDERTAKES A RESEARCH PROGRAM ON ITS OWN.

EVEN IF THE PROBLEM OF SMALL UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS COULD BE SOLVED, THE INSPECTION ISSUE IS HIGHLY COMPLICATED. THE SOVIETS HAVE ANNOUNCED THEY WOULD BE WILLING TO PERMIT THREE INSPECTIONS A YEAR BY INTERNATIONAL TEAMS STATIONED IN THEIR TERRITORY TO CHECK ON ANY SUSPICION OF SECRET TESTING IN VIOLATION OF THE TREATY. THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN HAVE CALLED FOR 20 INSPECTIONS ABOVE THE 19-KILOTON LIMIT WITH A NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL INSPECTIONS FOR SUSPICIOUS INCIDENTS BELOW THAT RANGE.

THUS THE GAP BETWEEN EAST AND WEST ON THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN IS STILL WIDE. EFFORTS TO CLOSE IT HAVE BEEN TANGLED IN THE GENERAL COLLAPSE OF WASHINGTON-MOSCOW RELATIONS THAT BEGAN WITH THE U2 SPY PLANE INCIDENT AND THE SUMMIT BREAKDOWN LAST MAY.

BH329PED

A70WX (MCCONE)

(330) ATOMIC TESTS

HOT SPRINGS, VA., OCT. 22 (AP)-CHAIRMAN JOHN A. MCCONE OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES MUST RESUME UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR TESTS SHORTLY UNLESS RUSSIA STOPS "FILIBUSTERING" IN TALKS ON

BANNING OF ATOMIC TESTING.

THIS COUNTRY CANNOT CONTINUE NEGOTIATING, MCCONE SAID, WHEN IT DOES NOT KNOW WHETHER THE SOVIETS HAVE ACTUALLY STOPPED TESTING WEAPONS AND MAY BE "GAINING AN ADVANTAGE BY CLANDESTINE TESTING."

MCCONE TALKED WITH REPORTERS AFTER ADDRESSING A CLOSED SESSION OF THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT'S BUSINESS ADVISORY COUNCIL AT ITS AUTUMN MEETING HERE.

THE DECISION WHETHER TO RESUME U.S. TESTS MUST BE MADE IN THE NEXT FEW WEEKS, MCCONE SAID.

THERE HAS BEEN SPECULATION RECENTLY THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE RESUMED TESTING. MCCONE SAID THERE IS NO FIRM EVIDENCE OF CLANDESTINE SOVIET TESTS, ALTHOUGH SEVERAL LARGE EXPLOSIONS HAVE BEEN DETECTED.

THE RUSSIANS HAVE STATED THAT THESE BLASTS WERE HEAVY CHEMICAL EXPLOSIONS, MCCONE WENT ON, "BUT WE DON'T KNOW WHY SUCH HIGH CHEMICAL EXPLOSIONS WOULD SERVE ANY USEFUL PURPOSE."

THROUGHOUT THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS, WHICH WERE RESUMED ON SEPT. 27 AND HAVE BEEN IN PROGRESS INTERMITTENTLY FOR TWO YEARS, THE RUSSIANS HAVE "BEEN PERSISTENT IN REJECTING ANY REASONABLE SYSTEM OF CONTROLS," MCCONE SAID, ADDING: "THIS DEVICE OF FILIBUSTERING IS QUITE SATISFACTORY TO THEM, BUT I DON'T THINK THEY CAN CONTINUE IN THESE PROTRACTED NEGOTIATIONS."

THIS COUNTRY IS PREPARED TO RESUME TESTING WITHIN 60 DAYS IN NEVADA, MCCONE SAID. ALL PREPARATORY WORK, INCLUDING DRILLING AND EXCAVATION OF TUNNELS FOR UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS, HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND THE INSTALLATIONS LACK ONLY THE PLACEMENT OF INSTRUMENTS, HE SAID.

MCCONE SAID THE UNITED STATES RESUMES UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS IT COULD INCLUDE "SEISMIC TESTS" WHICH COULD QUICKLY SOLVE THE IMPORTANT ISSUE OF WHETHER SECRET TESTS COULD BE DETECTED. THEY WOULD PROVIDE NO INFORMATION ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS, HE SAID, BECAUSE THESE TESTS WOULD NOT BE CONDUCTED WITH INSTRUMENTS USEFUL IN WEAPONS RESEARCH.

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(140)

ROCHESTER, N.Y., OCT. 22 (AP)-DR. LINUS PAULING, THE CONTROVERSIAL NOBEL PRIZE WINNING CHEMIST, SAID TODAY NUCLEAR TESTING HAS ALREADY PUT ENOUGH RADIOACTIVE WASTE IN THE ATMOSPHERE TO CAUSE HEREDITY DEFECTS AND DISEASES "FOR THOUSANDS OF YEARS TO COME."

THE 59-YEAR-OLD CALIFORNIA SCIENTIST SAID THIS COUNTRY MUST CONTINUE TO PRESS FOR INTERNATIONAL DISARMAMENT "BECAUSE TO DO OTHERWISE WOULD BE TOSsing THE HUMAN RACE OUT THE WINDOW."

HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE UNITED STATES COULD SAFELY STOP ITS BUILDUP OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS BECAUSE IT ALREADY HAS MORE THAN 60 TIMES THE NUMBER OF BOMBS NEEDED TO DESTROY ANY ENEMY.

DR. PAULING SAID IT WAS HIS "GUESS" THAT THE UNITED STATES ALREADY HAS STOCKPILED 20,000 NUCLEAR BOMBS OF THE MEGATON CLASS. HE SAID ABOUT 300 OF THESE WOULD BE NEEDED TO DESTROY RUSSIA.

DR. PAULING WON THE NOBEL PRIZE FOR CHEMISTRY IN 1954. HE IS IN ROCHESTER TO ADDRESS A LOCAL GROUP KNOWN AS THE ROCHESTER INDEPENDENT POLITICAL FORUM.

A167

NEW YORK, OCT. 22 (AP)-SECRETARY OF THE ARMY WILBER M. BRUCKER SAID TO NIGHT DESPITE STATEMENTS MADE IN THIS ELECTION YEAR, THE POWER OF THE UNITED STATES IS GREATER THAN THAT OF RUSSIA AND COULD "DESTROY" THE SOVIET UNION IF NECESSARY.

AT THE SAME TIME, BRUCKER SAID THE MAIN HOPE OF ENSURING PEACE IS THE EXISTENCE OF A POWERFUL DETERRENT FORCE COUPLED WITH "THE WILL AND DETERMINATION OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE" TO RESIST AGGRESSION.

BRUCKER SPOKE AT A DINNER IN HONOR OF CITY COMPTROLLER LAWRENCE

E. GEROSA.

BRUCKER WARNED THE SOVIET UNION THAT IF IT KEEPS UP ITS "BELLICOSE AND SWORD-RATTLING" BEHAVIOR, IT "MAY GET THE SURPRISE" OF ITS LIFE BECAUSE THE POWER OF THE UNITED STATES IS "TERRIFIC."

LK107AED

A97

U.N. DAY (310)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 22 (AP)-U.S. CHIEF DELEGATE JAMES J. WADSWORTH SAID TONIGHT THAT MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY "WOULD HAVE KILLED THE UNITED NATIONS" HAD THEY GIVEN IN TO SOVIET DEMANDS.

HE EVIDENTLY REFERRED TO THE PROPOSAL OF SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV THAT SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD BE REPLACED WITH AN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THREE MEN REPRESENTING COMMUNIST, WESTERN-ALLIED AND NEUTRAL COUNTRIES AND HOLDING INDIVIDUAL VETOES.

WADSWORTH BROADCAST A TRIBUTE TO THE UNITED NATIONS OVER THE CBS RADIO NETWORK DURING A CONCERT OF THE NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA IN RECOGNITION OF UNITED NATIONS DAY MONDAY--THE 15TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE COMING INTO FORCE OF THE U.N. CHARTER.

HE SAID SOME MIGHT WELL HAVE WONDERED WHETHER THE UNITED NATIONS WOULD LIVE TO CELEBRATE THE ANNIVERSARY, BECAUSE "WE HAVE BEEN DEALING WITH WHAT IS PERHAPS THE SEVEREST CHALLENGE THAT THE UNITED NATIONS HAS FACED IN ITS LIFE."

HE REMARKED THAT THE CHALLENGE EXPLODED FIRST IN THE CONGO, WHERE HE SAID "THE UNITED NATIONS HAS DONE A TRULY HEROIC JOB."

"THEN," HE WENT ON, "THE CHALLENGE WAS RENEWED HERE IN NEW YORK, AT THE UNITED NATIONS HEADQUARTERS, WHERE THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HAS RESOUNDED WITH THREATS AND WITH DEMANDS FROM THE SOVIET UNION WHICH, IF AGREED TO, WOULD HAVE KILLED THE UNITED NATIONS."

"THROUGH ALL THIS THE UNITED NATIONS HAS STOOD FIRM. IT HAS STOOD FIRM IN THE PERSON OF THE SECRETARY GENERAL, WHO WOULD NOT RESIGN UNDER PRESSURE. IT HAS STOOD FIRM THROUGH THE GREAT MAJORITY VOTES BY WHICH THE MEMBER NATIONS...HAVE EXPRESSED THEIR RENEWED CONFIDENCE IN THE SECRETARY GENERAL AND IN THE CHARTER."

IN A MESSAGE FOR UNITED NATIONS DAY, HAMMARSKJOLD SAID THE UNITED NATIONS, WHICH RECENTLY TOOK IN 17 NEW MEMBERS, WAS "STRENGTHENED BY THE DRAMATIC APPROACH TO UNIVERSALITY." BUT HE ADDED, "STILL THERE ARE GAPS, REGRETTABLE GAPS."

HE DID NOT ELABORATE. COMMUNIST CHINA, OUTER MONGOLIA AND THE DIVIDED COUNTRIES OF GERMANY, KOREA AND VIET NAM ARE OUTSIDE THE UNITED NATIONS.

AS/DK73KPFH

A118WX

(220) HUNGARIAN REVOLT

WASHINGTON, OCT. 22 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TONIGHT ACCLAIMED THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE HUNGARIAN REVOLUTION AND REASSERTED THE HUNGARIAN PEOPLE'S RIGHT TO "SELF DETERMINATION AND FREEDOM FROM THE OPPRESSION UNDER WHICH THEY SUFFER AT THE HANDS OF SOVIET IMPERIALISM."

IN A STATEMENT ISSUED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND BROADCAST BY THE VOICE OF AMERICA, THE UNITED STATES NOTED IT WAS FOUR YEARS AGO TODAY THAT "THE HUNGARIAN PEOPLE BEGAN THEIR ILL-FATED AND HEROIC STRUGGLE FOR NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE."

THE UPRISING WAS CRUSHED BY SOVIET TROOPS, AN ACT WHICH THE UNITED STATES SAID "REVEALED TO THE WORLD THE TRUE NATURE OF SOVIET IMPERIALISM."

"THE UNITED NATIONS CONDEMNED THE SOVIET INTERVENTION IN HUNGARY," THE STATEMENT SAID, "AND THE VIOLATIONS OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS FOR WHICH THE SOVIET UNION AND THE HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST REGIME WERE RESPONSIBLE."

30.24-13299

"THE TWO GOVERNMENTS HAVE CONTINUED THE STAND IN CONTEMPT OF THE UNITED NATIONS BY THEIR REFUSAL TO COMPLY WITH ITS EXPRESSED WILL AND THEIR CONTINUING REPRESSION AND DENIAL TO THE HUNGARIAN NATION OF ITS RIGHT TO INDEPENDENCE."

"IN AN ERA DURING WHICH A LARGE AND GROWING NUMBER OF PEOPLE IS BEING GRANTED NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE, THE HUNGARIAN PEOPLE REMAIN IN BONDAGE TO A POWER WHICH, WHILE IT PROCLAIMS ITSELF A CHAMPION OF INDEPENDENCE, HAS IN FACT ESTABLISHED A NEW COLONIALISM IN THE AREAS WHICH IT CONTROLS."

A84 (160)

RZ849PED

MOSCOW, OCT. 22 (AP)-THE REPORTED DEFECTION OF PVT. BRUCE FREDERICK DAVIS, 24, AN AMERICAN SOLDIER IN GERMANY, TO THE SOVIET UNION WAS GIVEN A PLAY IN MOSCOW PAPERS TODAY. THERE WAS NO COMMENT ON THE CASE.

THE STORIES WERE BASED ON A TASS ACCOUNT WHICH SAID DAVIS DESERTED FROM THE U.S. ARMY LAST AUGUST 18 AND IS ASKING ASYLUM IN RUSSIA. THE STORIES QUOTED HIM AS SAYING HE FELT AMERICAN LEADERS WERE NOT WORKING FOR PEACE AS HE FELT THEY SHOULD. HE WAS SAID TO HAVE BEEN IN THE U.S. ARMY FOR FOUR YEARS, NINE MONTHS.

SO FAR THERE HAS BEEN NO INDICATION THAT SOVIET AUTHORITIES WOULD PUT HIM ON VIEW AT A NEWS CONFERENCE.

-DASH-

U.S. ARMY OFFICIALS IN HEIDELBERG, GERMANY, GAVE DAVIS' ADDRESS AS 1060 EAST INDIANOLA AVE., SCOTTSDALE, ARIZ., AND SAID HE HAD BEEN LISTED AWOL FROM THE 3RD INFANTRY DIVISION SINCE AUG. 19 WHEN HIS CAR WAS FOUND ON THE BORDER BETWEEN EAST AND WEST GERMANY IN NORTHERN BAVARIA.

SCHOOL AUTHORITIES AT ASBURY PARK, N.J., SAID DAVIS WAS BORN IN ROME, N.Y., CAME THERE AS A TRANSFER STUDENT FROM VALLEJO, CALIF., AND WAS GRADUATED FROM ASBURY PARK HIGH SCHOOL IN 1954. HE SERVED FOR A TIME IN THE U.S. MARINES IN 1956 AND THEN TOOK UP ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING STUDIES AT ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY. LATER HE SWITCHED TO FOREIGN SERVICE STUDIES.

HIS TEACHERS AT ASBURY PARK REMEMBERED HIM AS A BOY WHO DID NOT MIX MUCH. HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE SCHOOL TRACK TEAM.

A156WX (ADV)

(450) ADVANCE FOR AMS SUNDAY OCT. 23--NOTE DATE
FOOD FOR PEACE

BY OVID A. MARTIN

ASSOCIATED PRESS FARM WRITER

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, OCT. 22 (AP)-THE AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT SAYS TOO MUCH DEPENDENCE SHOULD NOT BE PLACED ON THE U.S. FOOD-FOR-PEACE PROGRAM TO CURE FARM ILLS CTROWING OUT OF OVERPRODUCTION.

A REPORT SPEAKS WELL OF HOW THIS COUNTRY USES ITS FOOD ABUNDANCE FOR PEACE, BUT EMPHASIZES THAT THE PROGRAM HAS ITS HAZARDS.

THE REPORT WAS ISSUED AT A TIME WHEN BOTH PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES --VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON, REPUBLICAN, AND SEN. JOHN F. KENNEDY, DEMOCRAT--ARE PROMISING BOLDER PROGRAMS FOR MOVING AMERICAN FARM PRODUCTS INTO NEEDY AREAS ABROAD.

"THE FOOD-FOR-PEACE PROGRAM HAS HELPED US TURN A SEEMING LIABILITY INTO AN ASSET," THE DEPARTMENT SAYS.

"NOT LONG AGO WE LOOKED UPON OUR AGRICULTURAL SURPLUSES ALMOST WHOLLY AS A PROBLEM. NOW WE ARE BEGINNING TO SEE THAT PART OF THE ABUNDANCE MADE POSSIBLE BY OUR EFFICIENT AGRICULTURE IS SERVING US WELL IN THE AREA OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC POLICY."

THE DEPARTMENT LISTS WHAT IT TERMS EIGHT HAZARDS FACED BY THE PROGRAM, WHICH IT HELPED ESTABLISH.

THEY ARE:

"1. WE MUST NOT HURT THE ECONOMIES OF OTHER AGRICULTURAL EXPORTING COUNTRIES BY USURPING THEIR MARKETS.

"2. WE MUST BEWARE OF MAKING THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES DEPENDENT UPON US INDEFINITELY, WITH THEIR GROWING POPULATIONS, FOR OUR CONTINUING HELP.

"3. WE MUST AVOID FLOODING THE RECIPIENT COUNTRIES WITH OUR FOOD, DEPRESSING THEIR FARM PRICES AND HURTING THEIR AGRICULTURE.

"4. WE MUST NOT STIMULATE UNECONOMIC AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION ABROAD, THEREBY DEPRIVING THE UNITED STATES OF LEGITIMATE EXPORT MARKETS.

"5. WE MUST NOT GIVE AWAY, BARTER OR SELL FOR FOREIGN CURRENCY FOOD AND FIBER THAT WE COULD OTHERWISE SELL FOR DOLLARS.

"6. WE MUST NOT, THROUGH THE ACCUMULATION OF EXCESS SUPPLIES OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES, CREATE FISCAL PROBLEMS FOR OUR OWN OR FOR FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

"7. WE MUST NOT, BY OUR USE OF THESE SURPLUSES, PROVIDE A RATIONALE FOR THE CONTINUATION OF UNWISE FARM LEGISLATION.

"8. BUT--WE MUST NOT, BECAUSE THERE ARE HAZARDS, FOREGO THE USE OF CAPABILITY IN THE AGRICULTURAL FIELD. WE MUST NOT BURY OUR TALENT."

UNDER THE FOOD-FOR-PEACE PROGRAM, AMERICAN SURPLUSES ARE MADE AVAILABLE ON EASY TERMS--IN SOME CASES THROUGH DONATIONS--TO UNDER-DEVELOPED AREAS AS WELL AS OTHERS SHORT OF DOLLARS.

IN MOST CASES, THIS COUNTRY ACCEPTS THE CURRENCY OF THE RECIPIENT NATIONS. THIS CURRENCY IS USED IN A NUMBER OF WAYS, CHIEF OF WHICH IS TO LEND THE MONEY BACK TO FOSTER ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

THE PROGRAM EXPORTS NOT ONLY FOOD BUT TECHNICIANS WHO HELP BACKWARD AREAS DEVELOP THEIR OWN AGRICULTURES.

SINCE THE PROGRAM WAS STARTED IN 1954, A TOTAL OF 6,425 SHIPLOADS OF SURPLUS FARM PRODUCTS HAVE MOVED ABROAD UNDER VARIOUS SPECIAL PROGRAMS. THESE SHIPMENTS HAD A MARKET VALUE OF WELL OVER \$7 BILLION. THEY WERE IN ADDITION TO COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS WITH A MARKET VALUE OF \$14 BILLION. THESE COMMERCIAL EXPORTS WERE SOLD FOR DOLLARS.

THE DEPARTMENT SAYS IT HAS SOUGHT TO OPERATE THE PROGRAM IN A MANNER THAT WOULD NOT DISTURB NORMAL MARKETS FOR U.S. EXPORTERS OR THE COMMERCIAL TRADE OF FRIENDLY COUNTRIES.

"ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF THE PROGRAM HAVE BEEN DEMONSTRATED; FOR THE GREATER PART, THE HAZARDS HAVE BEEN AVOIDED," THE REPORT SAYS, ADDING:

"THERE ARE NO MAJOR OBSTACLES TO CONTINUATION OF THE PROGRAM. LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITIES ARE GENERALLY ADEQUATE. THE PROGRAM CAN AND SHOULD BE EXPANDED, ALTHOUGH EXPANSION IS LIKELY TO BE MODEST RATHER THAN SENSATIONAL."

END ADVANCE FOR AMS SUNDAY OCT. 23--SENT OCT. 18

CZ1129PED

A182 (CORRECT)

(660)

ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, OCT. 23--NOTE DATE

BY JAMES DEVLIN

(ADVANCE) WEST POINT, N.Y., OCT. 22 (AP)-THE NATION'S MOST FAMOUS YOUNGSTER OF A FEW DAYS AFTER PEARL HARBOR IS MARCHING NOW IN HIS FATHER'S FOOTSTEPS--IN THE LONG GRAY LINE OF CADETS AT THE U.S. MILITARY ACADEMY.

CADET COLIN P. KELLY III, KNOWN AS CORKY IN HIS INFANT DAYS, HAS GROWN TO BE A SLIM, TRIM SIX-FOOTER WITH A READY SMILE AND A SENSE OF HUMOR.

TWENTY YEARS OLD, THE BLOND, BROWN-EYED YOUTH PLAYS ON THE VARSITY SOCCER TEAM -- AND HAS A GIRL FRIEND.

SUCH IS THE PASSAGE OF TIME THAT HE SAYS:

"HARDLY ANYBODY CALLS ME CORKY ANY MORE, EXCEPT FOR A FEW FRIENDS FROM CHILDHOOD DAYS. THE OTHER CADETS CALL ME COLIN OR C.P."

HE WAS ONLY 16 MONTHS OLD WHEN HIS NAME SPRANG INTO HEADLINES THROUGH THE HEROISM OF HIS FATHER, ARMY AIR CORPS CAPT. COLIN P. KELLY JR., AND PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT'S RECOGNITION OF IT.

CAPT. KELLY, A WEST POINTER OF THE CLASS OF 1937, GAVE AMERICAN MORALE ITS FIRST BIG LIFT AFTER THE PEARL HARBOR DISASTER OF DEC. 7, 1941, BY SHOWING THAT THE NATION WAS STRIKING BACK.

HE PERISHED IN THE ATTEMPT. KELLY, FLYING A B17 BOMBER THREE DAYS AFTER THE SURPRISE ATTACK, BOMBED A LARGE JAPANESE NAVAL VESSEL, AT FIRST BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN THE BATTLESHIP HARUNA, AND LATER IDENTIFIED AS THE HEAVY CRUISER ASHIGARA.

BEFORE HIS PLANE COULD RETURN TO CLARK FIELD IN THE PHILIPPINES, ENEMY PLANES RIDDLED IT WITH GUNFIRE. ONE OF THE EIGHT CREWMEN WAS KILLED. KELLY ORDERED SIX OTHERS TO PARACHUTE. HE WENT DOWN WITH HIS PLANE.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WROTE A LETTER TO "THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1956," ASKING THAT YOUNG CORKY BE CONSIDERED FOR APPOINTMENT TO THE ACADEMY "AS A TOKEN OF THE NATION'S APPRECIATION OF THE HEROIC SERVICES OF HIS FATHER."

BUT YOUNG KELLY IS THE KIND OF A LAD WHO PASSED UP SPECIAL PRIVILEGE. HE GOT INTO WEST POINT LAST YEAR THE HARD WAY, BY PASSING STIFF ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS.

"I WANTED TO PROVE THAT I COULD DO IT ON MY OWN," HE SAID "IF I WASN'T QUALIFIED, I DIDN'T THINK IT WOULD BE RIGHT TO TAKE A PLACE FROM SOMEBODY WHO WAS."

NEWS THAT KELLY HAD EARNED AN APPOINTMENT TO THE ACADEMY WAS GIVEN HIM PERSONALLY BY ANOTHER PRESIDENT, DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER.

"AS A FORMER WEST POINT CADET, I AM PROUD OF THE FACT THAT YOU WON IT THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION," EISENHOWER WROTE.

NOW EMBARKING ON HIS SECOND YEAR AS A CADET, KELLY SAYS HE IS HAPPY THAT HE CHOSE WEST POINT.

"AT ONE TIME I HAD CONSIDERED GOING INTO THE DIPLOMATIC SERVICE," HE TOLD A VISITOR RECENTLY, "BUT THE LONGER I AM HERE THE MORE INTERESTED I AM IN A MILITARY CAREER."

THE GRAY-AND-WHITE-UNIFORMED YOUTH WHO ATTRACTED THE ATTENTION OF TWO PRESIDENTS ENJOYS HIS RELATIVELY INCONSPICUOUS POSITION AMONG HUNDREDS OF OTHER CADETS.

"THAT'S THE WAY I LIKE IT," HE SAID.

DESPITE THE PRESIDENTIAL INTEREST IN HIM, KELLY IS TREATED EXACTLY THE SAME AS THE OTHER CADETS BY BOTH THE ACADEMY OFFICERS AND HIS FELLOW STUDENTS.

"ONCE IN A WHILE SOMEBODY ASKS ME ABOUT MY FATHER, BUT THAT'S ALL," KELLY SAYS.

KELLY LIVES IN A GREEN-WALLED ROOM IN NORTH BARRACKS WITH TWO OTHER CADETS, GORDON DOPSLAFF OF MASSAPEQUA, N.Y., AND ROSS BEATTIE OF GROVE-TON, N.H.

WHILE HIS TWO FELLOW CADETS LOOKED ON, KELLY SHOWED A VISITOR ABOUT THE ROOM. ON HIS DESK RESTED A BIG CHEMISTRY BOOK AND A STACK OF HI-FI RECORDS RANGING FROM SCHUBERT'S "SERENADE" TO POPULAR MUSIC.

HE SHOWED HIS GARAND M1 RIFLE AND EXPLAINED THAT HE PRACTICED FIRING IT DURING SUMMER FIELD MANEUVERS.

THEN HE TOOK A FRAMED PICTURE OF HIS GIRL FRIEND, SUSIE COOPER OF DENTON, MD., FROM A SHELF IN HIS LOCKER.

HE STUDIED THE PORTRAIT PHOTOGRAPH FONDLY AND REMARKED: "ACADEMY REGULATIONS DON'T PERMIT PHOTOGRAPHS ON DESKS."

FROM HIS ROOM, KELLY STROLLED TO A "SALLYPORT," A TUNNEL LEADING FROM THE STONE COURTYARD OF THE BARRACKS TO THE OUTSIDE. ON THE SALLYPORT WALLS THE PAST WEEK'S CLASSROOM MARKS OF THE CADETS WERE POSTED ON BULLETIN BOARDS.

KELLY'S HIGHEST MARK OF THE WEEK WAS IN CHEMISTRY. IS THAT ONE OF HIS FAVORITE SUBJECTS?

"IT IS THIS WEEK," HE SAID WITH A LAUGH. "BUT, YES, SERIOUSLY, IT IS ONE OF MY FAVORITES."

THE CADET TOURED THE ACADEMY LIBRARY, BUT CONCEDED THAT STUDY OF HIS CLASSROOM BOOKS KEPT HIM BUSY ENOUGH SO THAT HE DID NOT HAVE MUCH TIME FOR OUTSIDE READING.

THEN HE WAS OFF TO SEE WEST POINT'S 150-POUND FOOTBALL TEAM PLAY A GAME.

KELLY HAS NOT TRIED OUT FOR FOOTBALL FOR TWO REASONS. HE FEELS THAT BEING IN THE 150-POUND RANGE HE IS NOT HEAVY ENOUGH TO ACCOMPLISH MUCH AT IT AND HE HASN'T HAD MUCH EXPERIENCE IN THE GAME EXCEPT ON SANDLOTS.

HE SAID SOCCER WAS THE FALL SPORT WHEN HE ATTENDED WESTTOWN FRIENDS SCHOOL NEAR PHILADELPHIA AND SO HE TOOK UP THAT GAME. HIS HOME IS IN CHESTER HEIGHTS, PA. HIS MOTHER, REMARRIED, IS MRS. J. WATSON PEDLOW.

SINCE COMING TO WEST POINT, KELLY HAS BECOME INTERESTED IN PLAYING SQUASH.

HIS OTHER ACTIVITIES INCLUDE SINGING IN THE ACADEMY GLEE CLUB AND IN THE PROTESTANT CHAPEL CHOIR. HE ALSO IS ON THE STAFF OF "THE POINTER," A MONTHLY CADET MAGAZINE.

HE WILL MISS A TELEVISION APPEARANCE OF THE GLEE CLUB NOV. 11. IT CONFLICTS WITH A SOCCER TEAM GAME.

END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, OCT. 23--MOVED OCT. 18)

FD/HL136AED

541

BERLIN, OCT. 22 (AP)- WEST BERLIN NEWSPAPERS TOOK A HURT TONE TODAY AT VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON'S STATEMENT ON THE POLISH-GERMAN BORDER.

MOST EDITORIALISTS OCCUPIED THEMSELVES WITH THE OUTBURST OF SOVIET AMBASSADOR ANDREI SMIRNOV YESTERDAY IN BOMB AND THE OFFICIAL EXPRESSIONS OF REGRET THAT FOLLOWED.

KARL SILEX, PUBLISHER OF THE CONSERVATIVE DER TAGESSPIEGEL, LUMPED BOTH IN A FRONT PAGE EDITORIAL AS "TWO UNPLEASANT NEWS ITEMS."

"UP TO NOW," HE WROTE, "NEITHER OF THE TWO CANDIDATES HAS BOTHERED TO woo THE VOTERS OF GERMAN ORIGIN BY PROMISING THE RETURN OF PROPERTY SEIZED DURING THE WAR AND STILL HELD, OR BY STANDING UP FOR THE RIGHT OF OUR PEOPLE WHO HAVE BEEN DRIVEN FROM THEIR HOMES."

THE HEADLINE ON THE PAPER'S STORY READ:

"NIXON GIVES THE POLES HOPE ON THE ODER-NEISSE BOUNDARY."

IN HEIDELBERG, THE TAGEBLATT CARRIED A FRONT PAGE EDITORIAL STATING NIXON'S APPARENT ACCEPTANCE OF THE BORDER "CAN ONLY MEAN RECOGNITION OF POLITICAL FORCE AS THE EQUAL OF A LEGITIMATE HISTORICAL PROCESS."

30.24-13301

"WHOEVER ESTABLISHES NEW POLITICAL FACTS WITH THE NECESSARY AMOUNT OF BRUTALITY IS SANCTIONED--HE ONLY MUST PRESS HIS BRUTALITY FAR ENOUGH SO THAT NO REMNANTS OF JUSTICE REMAIN TO WHICH DEMANDS FOR RE-ESTABLISHING OLD CONCEPTS OF JUSTICE CAN BE ATTACHED."

THE PAPER SAID THIS ARGUMENT CARRIED TO ITS LOGICAL END, MEANS THE ONLY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN HITLER AND POLISH PREMIER WLADYSLAW GOMULKA "IS THAT HITLER HAD THE BAD LUCK THAT THE GOD OF VICTORY STOOD WITH STRONGER ARMIES."

FRANKFURT'S TABLOID ABENDPOST HEADLINED THE STORY WITH "NIXON SELLS OUT GERMAN EASTERN TERRITORIES"

-JKADPBD

A86 (140)

MERANO, ITALY, OCT. 22 (AP)--ALBINO, THE ONLY HORSE WHICH SURVIVED PROBABLY THE LAST GREAT CAVALRY CHARGE OF MODERN WAR, DIED YESTERDAY. THE GRIZZLED OLD BAY WARHORSE WAS 28 AND NEARLY BLIND.

HE MADE HIS FAMOUS CHARGE AT DAWN OF AUG. 24, 1942, AGAINST RUSSIAN INFANTRY IN THE BATTLE OF ISBUSCENKI ALONG THE DON. THE SAVOIA CAVALRY REGIMENT WAS HURLED AGAINST THE RUSSIAN LINES TO COVER AN ITALIAN WITHDRAWAL.

THE REGIMENT WAS ALMOST WIPED OUT. ALBINO STUMBLED BACK TO HIS LINES, WOUNDED, THREE DAYS LATER. HE WAS THE ONLY HORSE TO SURVIVE THE CHARGE.

AFTER THE WAR, WHEN THE SAVOIA CAVALRY WAS REFORMED, OFFICERS FOUND THE OLD HORSE LIMPING ALONG PULLING A VEGETABLE CART IN MILAN. ALBINO WAS PUT OUT TO PASTURE, AND PENSIONED FOR LIFE BY THE ITALIAN MINISTRY OF WAR.

HIS BODY WILL BE MOUNTED AND PLACED IN A NATIONAL MILITARY MUSEUM.
JT759AED